anarchist= weekly

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ABOUT 10,000 anti-fascists marched silently last Saturday afternoon (22.6.64) through the streets of central London, in protest against the police brutality which made a another victim in the person of Kevin Gately, the 21-year old student from Warwick University, killed as a result of a mounted police charge in Red Lion Square on Saturday 15th.

We noticed with regret that the Trotskyist sections of the march chose not to respect the National Union of Students' call for a march without banners. The International Socialists had a banner and placards, the Workers' Revolutionary Party had also a banner, and the International Marxist Group was wearing T shirts and armbands with the symbol of

DIALOGUE

political capital out of the vio-lent death of an anti-fascist comrade. Nevertheless, this march w was, because of the absence of the usual empty slogans and blaring megaphones, one of the most impressive since the war. It ended in Hyde Park, where student and trade union leaders denounced the brutal class nature of the British police, particularly the in-famous SPG (Special Patrol Groups) which have been specially set up, trained and used to smash pickets, strikes, demos, squats and other militant forms of struggle against

the oppressive nature of British capitalism.

While the Special Branch spies on us, the SPG is let loose in the streets to finish their job, arresting and repressing the people of this country who courageously refuse to go down on their knees under the weight of exploitation. As in any other authori-tarian regime, the British Estab-lishment will use any powerful method to smash people's will for change, especially those pushing forward for a just, equitable and free society.

Let's make sure that Kevin Gately did not fight and die in vain. Oppose racism and fascism, the ultimate tools of capitalist rule. Resist oppression. . . Smash the State.

Claude.

Threshold

WHEN THRESHOLD agreements were introduced last year as part of the Tory government's Phase 3 wages policy, no one really expected the cost of living index to rise as much as it has. the time it was really a sop thrown in to ease the wage restrictions imposed by law.

However, the miners' dispute changed all that. They not only got rid of the Tories but showed how direct action gets results. The three-day week was the government's reactionary reply and when they realised this policy was going against the interests of the employers and their profits, they went to the polls to save face. Increases in the

price of oil have also pushed up the cost of living but there is hardly a large company who did not increase their profits last vear.

Employers are now complaining about the threshold agreements which are now being triggered off by the increased cost of living. They conveniently forget about the profits they have made in the past, when with the assistance of the government and the state they kept wage claims to a minimum. We all know, or we should do, that profits are what the employers are in business for. When these are on

Continued on back page ...

THE COMMANDING DEPTHS

'DEMOCRATIC' as this country is supposed to be and perfect as the Mother of Parliaments is assumed to be, there is actually no set procedure for a government to resign when, and if, defeated. So last week when the minority (they all are!) government of Mr. Wilson was defeated three times, Mr. Wilson merely exhibited crossed-fingers or said 'Sucks boo', or some such schoolboy profundity which retarded schoolboy politicians resort to in their games.

Nevertheless the mere distant trumpet of an election was sufficient to set the Fleet Street warhorses pawing the ground and the Great Whore of Liberalism preparing to strut her stuff once more. Fleet Street and the Tories looked around for a campaign and a scapegoat and found it readymade in Tony Benn who, idealistic prattler that he is, is prepared to take the pratfall and custard pies for Harold Wilson. It was he who had to take the can back for Concorde. Remember the white heat of technology? 'Twas Tony Benn who stoked it up, only having to damp the fire down next time in office.

The campaign was on nationalization, and Robert Carr Marxist plot to take over Britain. The howl was taken up by all the press and it was hate-Benn month. Eldon Griffith, a matching Tory idiot, produced -(like McCarthy) a list of 20 companies whose books were being examined by the Government - presumably with a view to takeover. These were a curious lot -- British Leyland, two breweries, Gallaher the tobacco firm, Grand Metropoli-Metro: Twenty tan Hotels. . . etc. Twent companies in all. Hardly commanding heights of the economy' to use Bevan's phrase. It was no surprise when they turned out to be firms whose books the government wished to examine for a variety of reas-ons -- mostly because they had received assistance and tax concessions from the governmen! In fact this proves once more that private enterprise . is not hostile to State 'interference' when it takes the shape of State 'assistance'. A 'interludicrous denial that tax con-cessions were 'assistance' was the weak answer.

It would be foolish to assume that this sudden Labour Party enthusiasm for nationalization was anything more than a story got up by the papers or a bout of propaganda got up by Mr. Wilson, or by Mr. Benn off his

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own bat. The Labour Party can afford to have the hotheads in government (i.e Benn, Heffer, Foot and Castle) blowing their tops every now and again.
doesn't do any harm and it doesn't mean a thing with a minority government.

Herbert Read once said, "Nationalization, which was once the official politics of the Labour Party, has been abandoned, except as a means of maintaining the salaries in the industries that the capitalists were willing to relinquish as dispensable." The major nationalize able." The major nationalized institutions have been the great financial flops -- the mines and the railways, for example. anything seemed like paying its way - for example road transport and the steel industry - nationalization was never fully achieved.

Even under the Tories the 'lame ducks' of industry were gathered under the State wing, e.g. Rolls Royce, and many an addled egg (particularly Concorde, Maplin and Defence pro-jects) has been nurtured under the wing of the State.

Countless research and defence projects, particularly in the nuclear field, have been sponsored by the State. That private enterprise takes over when developed <u>and</u> profitable is another story. Whilst one can demonstrate that private enterprise (i.s capitalism) is not utterly opposed to public

ownership, socialization, nationalization, public enterprise or what-you-will, it can be demonstrated that such a path is not the only alternative; indeed, not a desirable alternative from the anarchist viewpoint.

Rejecting the thesis of rightwing anarchism that capitalism is a viable alternative to state control it is possible to accept Benjamin Tucker's thesis that the four evils of State socialism are the money monopoly, the land monopoly, the tariff monopoly and the patent monopoly.

So obsessed with the profit motive and the necessity of capital are some socialist theoreticians (e.g. Cole and Durbin) that they believe that State enterprises must make a profit in order to capitalize further developments. Under State ownership (as it is in Under many fields today) a profit is necessary so that the money be put into one pocket and taken out of the other. Nationalized boards often compete with each other like commercial firms, to the detriment of the consumer.

The ownership of land is basic to the problem of rent, housing and farming but rarely is anything proposed to be done. In a free society it is obvious that one would own the land on which one's house was built

continued on Page 7 ...

Our Finances

Comrades our position is again Even though we have perilous. had some generous donations (e.g. last week we had a £20 share of amount collected by US Italian comrades at a picnic), the press fund is not making up the dif-ference between what FREEDOM costs and the amount coming in in subscriptions and sales. cheaper method of production we last year ended up with a surplus from which we bought an IBM typewriter to improve on the printing face. We tried to keep the subscription the same for this year, but after the year had started our print bill went up by a total of £750 for the year, and so has every other cost risen from rail fares to ribbons and stationery to now postages again.

We are forced to bring the subscription rate to a realistic figure, so from July the rate for new and renewed subscriptions will be £4.00 (\$9.60) per year, with corresponding increases on airmail subscriptions.

We can only survive if you keep the donations coming, and we make efforts to get more subscribers and sales, AND SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE RENEWED PROMPTLY WHEN THEY FALL DUE. There are no fewer than 151 subscription in arrear. All these have had a further reminder at the rate (£3.25) which has operated up to now. If you are one of these subscribers, please send your subscription for this year NOW.

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Review'

Godwin in French

IT IS GENERALLY recognised that William Godwin's Enquiry concern-ing Political Justice (1793-98) is the first full-length exposiis the first full-length exposition of the theory which later became known as anarchism, but it is not generally realised by English-speaking anarchists that the book is hardly known in other languages. A German abridgement appeared in 1803, but that was all until the twentieth century, during which abridgements or extracts have appeared in German again and in Spanish, Italian, Russian, Chinese and Japanese. Oddly enough the book has remained virtually unknown in French, the main language of the historical anarchist movement. Benjamin Constant, the leading French liberal thinker who was a contemporary of Godwin, did make a French translation, but it never appeared — at least not for nearly two centuries, for it has at last been published in an excellent critical edition by Burton R. Pollin, the American authority on the work of Godwin: De la justice politique (393pp. Québec: Presses de l'Université tion of the theory which later De la justice politique (393pp. Québec: Presses de l'Université Laval. \$12.00).

Constant's translation, which is a much abridged and altered ver-sion of Godwin's first edition of 1793 (he seems to have ignored

the second edition of 1796 and to have been unaware of the third edition of 1798), was made in 1798-1800 and was even announced 1798-1800 and was even announced for publication in 1799, but it did not appear because Constant did not wish to publish a work which, he considered, "unites the purest and truest principles of liberty with the most bizarre paradoxes" (a fairly typical liberal reaction to energhism) liberal reaction to anarchism).

A manuscript copy of the translation was preserved in Constant's papers and eventually passed to the Bibliotheque Nationale in Paris, where it is now. Pollin reproduces the manuscript, contributing a long introduction, which discusses the complex relationship of Constant's translation with Codwints text and also tion with Godwin's text, and also some appendixes, which reprint Constant's writings on Godwin.

It would be interesting to know how this great classic of libertarian thought is received libertarian thought is received by French-speaking anarchists after such a long delay. And it would be refreshing if some of the comparable French classics could similarly be published in English translations, to give us something more substantial than the stream of reprints and an-thologies which is virtually all thologies which is virtually all we get.

N. W.

Workers Control in Peru?

On 30th April this year the "Revolutionary Government of the Armed Forces" of Peru took a step toward "the construction of a non-capitalist, non-communist, pluralist society", by publishing a decree, which encourages the settingup of enterprises promoted, planned and managed by the workers themselves, which will permit "the efficient use of resources without concentrating income and the power of decision-making".

This creation of a third Sector in the economy between large State enterprises and small private businesses, is based

A MESSAGE OF SOLIDARITY

Comrades are still being held in custody in connection with the kidnapping of the Spanish banker, Angel Balthazar, and with receiving ransom money.

It is important that these comrades have our support and that they are not left isolated. Prison bars and brick walls are bad enough, but we can provide a message of solidarity from the outside.

Send postcards to: Octavio Alberola Sunilach; Georges Riviere; Lucio Urtubia Gimenez; Pierre Gilbert and Arnaud Chastel at Prison de Arnaud chastel at rrison de Fresnes, Paris, and to:
Ariane Gransac Sadori; Jean Helen Weir; Annie Playen;
Anne Urtubia; Daniele Hass;
Chantel Chastel at Prison de Femmes, Fleury Merogis, Paris.

Protests can also be sent to the French Embassy, Knights-bridge, London, S.W.1.

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on a notion of "social property" which
"recognises the creative work of man in
society as the fount and origin of wealth." While this may remind anarchists of Proudhon, it is also reminiscent of some of the ideas of the Social Credit movement of the Thirties.

Perusal of the four large and closely printed pages of "Decreto Ley No. 20598" also reveals corporativist aspects: all proposals for "Social Property Enter-prises" have to be submitted for close scrutiny by two Covernmental bodies and have to be "within the framework of the National Plans for Development".

Full details are given of the (hierarchical) control-system of the enterprise, with "full participation of the workers" (annual votes for a general assembly, which appoints a management committee); and a list of workers' rights and duties includes among the duties, "Contributing to the smooth running of the enterprise and of the Sector, and to its productive process in an efficient and responsible manner", and "Complying with the statute, regulations and internal rules of the enterprise, as well as nal rules of the enterprise, as well as with the agreements adopted by the con-trolling bodies of the enterprise and the Sector. Workers can be dismissed for "unjustified absence" during "three con-Sector. " secutive days", or "five non-consecutive

days in one month...", etc., or for "in-tentionally spreading false information which causes serious damage to the en-

Scepticism, however, can be overdone, and it is difficult to get a true idea of what the decree means in the Peruvian context, merely by reading the document. Therefore, we appeal to South American comrades, or any comrades with up-to-date knowledge of what is happening in Peru, to give us their opinions/information on this particular version of workers control kers' control.

D.L.M.



Tate Gallery RICHARD DADD/STUBBS

Royal Academy... FINAL YEAR ST ALFRED DANIELS Garage Gallery... DAVID HOCKNEY Gimpel Fils....PAUL JENKINS
JEAN CROTTI

Lasson Gallerv...DURAND

I BELIEVE that it would be an honestly held opin-ion that if Richard Dadd had not murdered his father he would not have been granted this major retrospective exhibition at the Tate Gallery. The flippant critic could murmur <u>Oedipus-schoedipus</u> as he drank deep of the free iced champagne, handed out with due reverence by the firm of Wedgwood, and then admit that Richard Dadd was, in law, neither responsible for the murder of his father or this exhibition.

Dadd was born in Chatham in the year 1817 of good solid middle class stock and by virtue of his gift as a painter was admitted to the Academy Schools in 1837. He had talent as an academic painter in the accepted manner of the period, bepainter in the accepted manner of the period, became a member of a group calling themselves The Clique, won his RA medals and had his work exhibited at the Royal Academy exhibitions. His life, like that of his companions, was mapped out for him as a good and worthy painter churning out fashionable academic rhubarb to decorate the houses of the wealthy industrial middle class. On the 28th of August, 1843 Dadd, working to a preconceived plan murdered his father with a spring knife because, as he wrote to Dr. Wcod, "Thise and the like, coupled with the idea of a descent from the Egyptian god Osiris, induced me to put a period to the existence of him whom I had always regarded as a parent, but of him whom I had always regarded as a parent, but whom the secret admonishings I had, counselled me was the author of the ruin of my race. I inveigled him, by false pretences, into Cobham Park, and slew him with a knife, with which I stabbed him, after having vainly endeavoured to cut his throat." Dadd was same enough to flee to France but while travel-ling through the forest of Valance tried to wile away the boredom of the journey by cutting the throat of an unknown travelling companion. And for this he was detained and on the 22nd of August, for this he was detained and on the 22nd of August, 1844 placed in the criminal lunatic department of Bethlem Hospital where he died on the 8th of January 1886 to be buried in an unmarked grave. It would seem that Dadd was treated kindly and fairly by the staff of the hospital, who were interested in the man as a painter, and in his 22 years of confinement Dadd produced those paintings on which his reputation is based.

His work is part of that minor art that floats His work is part of that minor art that floats on the kultural conscience, slick and pretty, emotive in subject matter, competent in execution but lacking in any depth of thought or feeling. Richard Dadd is known to the poster trade for his paintings "Contradiction. Oberon and Titania" and "The Fairy Feller's Master-Stroke", for they became almost a cult flag for the Flower Power Movement when they were tripping over their beads to hand out vocal love and daisies, for in his two dimensional world of painting Dadd crowded every inch of canvas with a fairy land forlorn wherein the very flowers become grave yard weeds and gloom and despear mark every face. It is claimed that Shakespear rejected the folk figures of the Old Religion and in A Midsummer Night's Dream gave the new age pear rejected the folk figures of the Old Religion and in A Midsummer Night's Dream gave the new age the fairy world as we accept it, hand high and light as thistledown; Dadd reversed the process and gives a fairy world of maladjusted humans but in the end it is not important for Shakespear's world will survive. Yet Dadd should and must be judged on the body of work on display and in his illustrations to the Passions he does not have the mystical power of Blake, the anger of Gilray or the sweet and erotic humour of Rowlandson. Yet of all the work on display I found much pleasure in a simple Still-Life with Bottles and Corkscrew painted between 1834 and 1838 and the earliest known ed between 1834 and 1838 and the earliest known painting by Dadd to survive. If Dadd had continued in this manner of painting I would hold that he

MURDER INCORPORATED

would be the better artist but he had a right to choose for it was his incarnation, but if he had continued as an artist as opposed to an illustrator of adult juvenile fantasies there would be no Richard Dadd exhibition within the Tate this day.

It is in Dadd's water-colour of "The Pilot Boat" that I take leave of Dadd for it is here that all his faults, for me, become manifest. The Dutch seascapes give the terror of the sea as their wooden ships seek to survive each dark green overlapping wave. The Erglish seascape painters give a world of clean waters laced with white crested a world of clean waters laced with white crested green tumbling waves whereon the wooden ships with their white canvases bending and bowing to the soft wet winds dance their gay gavotte but Dutch or English gave the sea a depth, a romance and a knowledge of drowned death that Dadd is unable to capture, for like a child's cut-out theatre Dadd's seascape is indeed a painted ship upon a painted ocean.

REASONS OF POLITIC

One pauses within the exhibition to pay another tribute to the work of Stubbs and the ceramic plaques he produced for Wedgwood in this true marriage of artist and craftsman, drink two more glasses of iced champagne and thank Patricia Allderidge, the Archivist of the Bethlem Rcyal Hospital, for her researching into Dadd's work, and then walk back to Town thinking on Dadd's claim that when he fled to France be was on his work to kill the when he fled to France he was on his way to kill the Emperor of Austria. If instead of murdering his Emperor of Austria. If instead of murdering his kindly father poor Dadd had succeeded in murdering the Emperor of Austria, then for reasons of politic one doubts if the British government would have sanctioned an exhibition in such international bad taste and Poor Richard would have found an uneasy foothold in the lunatic pantheon of those unfortunates who believe that the physical extermination of some office holder solves a problem and the political thugs would have used these vulgar and gross fairy paintings as their Stations of the crooked cross. And on Saturday one took one's place within the demonstration as part of the marching silent minority protesting the death of Kevin Gately conscious of the fact that a certain section of the committed Left had been given a martyr and was using the dead youth accordingly, but even with this knowledge one had to take one's place within the marching silent ranks.

Down Whitehall and turning left with the National Gallery on the right and I blow the Directors of the National Gallery a metaphysical fart that they should now mount an exhibition on the history of the National Gallery and mark it the history of the National Gallery and mark it with a large Entrance Free sign when not one of them had the guts to publicly declare that they would refuse to implement the admission charges ordered by the philistine politicians literally ten minutes walk away, and down Piccadilly and past the Royal Academy. There within the Royal Academy the Final Year Students were holding their exhibition and there was talent on display. Good work by Leslie Smith, Nicholas Ward, Vittorio Cirefice, Ann Williams, Thompson and Millward, but it is the work of Andrew Turner and Desmond Rochfort that hold the attention for their political content. tical content.

Rochfort's oils are no more than crude protest posters but his litho prints are truly magnificent drawings in the Italian manner. Beautifully executed, here is talent worthy of the watching for his future is assured. Turner's "Balleds Moribundus" echo Goa's etchings of The Disasters of War with the roughly drawn figures in tortured poses within the spattered printed paper. Like

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Goya, Turner uses simple phrases to make his social protest and each single sheet of paper is an artistic unity. It is his "Black Friday Triptych" that dominates the room, however, for in the crude bright colours of the trade union banners he condemns politicians, mine owners and union bosses and his Bacon type figures act out his condemnation against the workers' banners. Yet history is not that easy. In 1933, Judge Rowlands at Pontypridd awarded £541 damages to the widow of a Rhondda miner who had died of silicosis. The Miners' miner who had died of silicosis. The Miners' Federation needed a precedent and it was necessary for the dead miner to be used for a post mortem. There was no hospital or mortuary available and the post mortem was conducted in the dead miner's front parlour while his family waited in the kitchen and the miner's swollen lungs were wrapped in newspaper, to be taken away. In that time of starvation wages, Churchill's troops, children's soup kitchens and millions of unemployed the descration of that miner's body was held by many to be the final inminer's body was held by many to be the final in-dignity and the Miners Federation feared to fight the mine owners on this issue for they knew that if they took the mine owners to court the victims would be dead before the cases were settled, and if they won, the vast payout would result in pit closures and more men on the starvation walk to the Unemployment Office. This is the dichotomy that faces the union in a period of mass unemployment and starvation wages: urge your fellow workers to fight a lost battle for the glory of history or work and starve in sullen silence. From the vantage point of London, time and full employment we cannot afford to play the judge. Men and women are not weak or evil because they will not suffer or die for our ideals, like us they survive and on their terms not ours. So condemn the system and pity the victims and praise the Drawing No. 1 of Margaret Smith whose figure of a single seated man lost in the isolation of her simple drawing spells out the eternal verity.

And I will apologise to Alfred Daniels for And I will apologise to Alfred Daniels for confusing his name with that of M. Daniel and therefore their paintings. A.Daniels writes that "The critics are too busy drinking the dealers' free booze, to notice the paintings" and that "all painters, artists, are by definition anarchists". I agree about the free booze but not that the artistis-an-anarchist thing, Alfred, for if that were so there would be no Royal Academy for you to exhibit in and free booze for me to swill. But I saw Alfred's painting and it is a good, well painted satirical work in the English tradition and I wish him well, him on the line me at the bar. him well, him on the line me at the bar.

And I join the Town and his sore footed frau as they compulsorily hand over the protest banners to the IS Steward and we will go to the Garage Gallery at 52 Earlham Street in Covent Garden to admire and question David Hockney's latest drawings in his thin erotic penmanship, pay homage to the best of the fluid abstractionist Paul Jenkins and the solid interweaving forms of the late Jean Crotti at Gimpel Fils at 30 Davies Street W1, wish Richard Nathanson's gallery at 36 Bond Street every success and with the Town and his frau humbly ascend up and into the world of wealth and bad paintings, Durand, that fill the lush Lasson Galary at 82 on Layrun Street SW1 was exact held. lery at 82-on Jermyn Street SW1 yea even to hidden alarum under one of the soft carpeted stairs, and with the beautiful Jane Humphrey and Severino waiting to be seen I shall return. And as we lay the catalogue and the banner aside it is with the knowledge that we have a choice of murders to mourn. Poor mad Richard Dadd's kindly old father, Kevil Getely beaton to doubt by a replacement of the catalogue. Kevin Gately beaten to death by an unknown hand and a Welsh miner who choked to death in 1932 for the greater good of the economy, and every death was a life that should have not been sacrificed for their living was more important than the manner and the mode of their death.

Arthur Moyse.

Book Review

PHILOSOPHY AND REVOLUTION by Raya Dunayevskaya. Dell Publishing Co., U.S.A. Obtainiable from Bob Potter, 98 Addison Road, Hove, BN3 1TR, Sussex (£ 1.75)

Mention the word 'Marxism' to an anarchist and you are liable to get a rather 'negative' reaction. Not surprisingly, for among the common characteristics applicable to all 6,429 barieties of 'Marxism' is the abgmatic intolerance of anyone else, especially anarchists.
Where 'Marxists' have achieved political power, all opponents have been banned, persecuted or shot with libertarians and anarchists at the top of the list.

While it is true that this intolerance was a personal fault in Marx himself (for example his quite dishonest manoeuvrings against Bakunin) on a deeper level a case can be made that the 'Marxism' of Marx is very basically a philosophy of freedom, of 'self-liberation' through 'self development'. A very convincing argument for this interpretation is built up by Raya Dunayevskaya in her latest book, Philosophy and Revolution.

Raya Dunayevskaya has spent a lifetime in politics. During the period of the Moscow Trials, when Stalin was merrily bumping off the entire leadership of the Russian Bolshevik Party, she was secretary to Stalin's archenemy Leon Trotsky. Then came the deal between Stalin and Hitler. ('Our friendship is cemented in blood, 'declared Stalin!), Trotsky still maintained that Russia was a 'degenerated workers' state' and called for its defence. This was too much for Raya.

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She broke with her mentor and eventually declared Russia to be 'state capitalist'.

The break caused her to 'dig deeper' into the philosophical roots of Marxism. She returned to Hegel. She excavated Marx's 1844 manuscripts (being the first person to translate many of Marx's earlier writings into English). She was also doing, she claimed, what Ler in had done before her discovering Manx's Capital is incomprehensible without a thorough understanding of Hegel's Logic.

Philosophy and Revolution begins by taking us on a journey through Hegel. The going is tough, and we are assumed to al-ready have considerable knowledge. She interprets Hegel's dialectic as self-development, everything coming into being 'negated', and so transcended on a higher level. I personally find this all good stuff, and whether her "Hegelianism' would be acceptable to Hegel-or not, I certainly think it was accepted by Marx.

But I'm not sure that she carries her interpretation through to the end. Her characterisation of Lenin is a case in point. The Lenin developed philosophically after 1914 is incontestable. That the crude mechanism of Materialism and Empirio-Criticism was replaced by an 'Hegelianism' in his Philosophical Notebooks or more concretely in State and Revolution, where he demanded democracy from below, with evryone to a man ruling society is not contested. But what of his practice? What of the suppression of all opposition parties and factions

in his own party? What of Kronstadt, where not only was a genuine movement from below ruthlessly crushed, but Lenin publicly branded the Kronstadt sailors as Czarist plotters? How does she justify this dishonesty before the workers and peasants of Russia? She doesn't. These unpleasant facts are simply ignored.

Her starry eyed vision of Lenin is the only flaw in the book. Later chap ters deal very effectively with Trotsky who emerges as a man with a self-proclaimed, almost divine gift of leadership; Mao, whose little jingles in the Little Red Book are shown to be meaningless catechisms, and Sartre, whose existentialism is examined more as an exercise in Hegelian interpretation than as relevant to political action.

Philosophy and Revolution ends with a look at the 'third world'. I cannot fault her analysis of the 'liberated' African countries, where 'the relations of production', the position of worker to boss, remain unchanged. The way forward to the self-liberation demanded by Dunayevskaya has been anticipated by the rank and file uprisings in Hungary 1956, in Paris 1968 and so on, all alike in that they were movements completely independent of all 'traditional' organisations. It is from the these 'successes', limited as their achievements may have been, that she sees the way forward, through the 'dialectics of liberation' to the humanist society of the future.

We all look for a vision of this future classless society. How will we achieve it? What will it be like? Philosophy and Revolution is one of those books that can help us in our attempts to answer these questions.

Bob Potter.

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Letters

THE MAKING OF ANARCHISTS.

Dear Editors,

Lino Molin's letter (15th June) expressed some hard, if unpalatable truths. I agree with his comment that "an anarchist is not made to order, but by a process of mental evolution".

The anarchist concept of a simplified free social system requires a deep and steady understanding if it is to "stick". Also, surely, with most of us there is need for comparative experience.

In my own case, it was early realisation of the cruel contrast between the lives of rich and poor, and especially of the brave struggle which my parents were forced to wage against poverty, which aroused my revolutionary feelings, rather than any freedom-urge.

I joined various groups dedicated to the overthrow of Capitalism, including association with but not membership of the Communist Party. Incidentally I still feel grateful to the Commies for a grounding in Marxist economics which has enabled me to comprehend the workings of the Capitalist system as I might not otherwise have

Am filled with awe when I regard those who claim Instant Anarchism, but sometimes humbly wonder whether they might not feel more comradeship for the infidel Reds who are manifestly prepared to work and fight - even to the death - for their beliefs, if they had journeyed with them for a time. Surely, at any rate, there are general issues upon which limited anarchist cooperation with the "Left" could occur? Certainly the snide shots left off from the anarchist Ivory Tower at genuine, if from a libertarian standpoint, mistaken, Marxist revolutionaries, could rebound to the belittlement of anarchism.

Frequently despair, personally, of ever becoming a proper anarchist. Even though, as Neville Chamberlain said "God knows I have tried!". There are so many precepts to be known and observed in this non-authoritarian philosophy.

But, hopefully, there are increasing occasions when I find myself commenting on Governments' behaviour, "The Anarchists are right!".

Fraternally,

K. Lamb

CORRECTION

Dear Comrades,

I would like to correct an error which you made in my let-ter in your June 8 edition of FREEDOM ("Come the Revolution")

The sentence which read,
"...the ideas of anarchism should focus exclusively on industry, work, economics..." should read: "...shouldn't focus exclusively
...". As you can see, the
sense is changed radically by this error.

In solidarity, P. Murtagh.

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Civil War in Spain

IN SPAIN, by Jason Gurney. (Faber)

THIS ACCOUNT of the experiences of an ordinary soldier in the International Brigade is of particular interest as the author was not a member of any political organization. Jason Gurney, who died last year, described himself as an old fashioned radical who went to Spain to fight against Fascism and for social justice.



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Not being a member of any party he views their roles in the Spanish Revolution as an outsider with no particular outsider with no particular axe to grind. Consequently the Anarchists receive more credit for their part in the struggle than they usually receive from partisan Left writers. One thing is certain from his ac-count of the war and that is the burden of guilt which must rest on the shoulders of the Communist Party. The Communist leaders he met in Spain ranged from the incompetent to the brutal and their final betrayal of the Spanish Revolution can be seen coming from the begin-ning. As a soldier on the Jarama Front, Gurney saw for himself the result of an ideology which puts the 'cause' above the people fighting for that cause.

Although the horrors of the Spanish Civil War are brought clearly to the reader, the book is not without some humbook is not without some hum-our and some cynicism. Gurney tells of the visits to the front by such political tour-ists as Auden and Spender. Ernest Hemingway visited the front line and, sitting behind the bullet-proof shield of a machine-gun, let off a whole belt of ammunition roughly in the direction of the enemy. the direction of the enemy.

"This did nothing," recalls Gurney, "except provoke a mor-tar attack. Emmingway did not stay for that!"

"Crusade in Spain" is not a history of the International Brigade, but students of history will find interest in the account of one of the soldiers who mapped the battles of Jarama.

However, even with two maps and twelve photographic plates the book is expensive at £2.95, but there are libraries!

Larry.

New Books in Brief

General History

EDWARD HYAMS, the author of "Assassination No Murder", has now produced "The Millennium Postponed", a history of "socialism from Sir Thomas More to Mao Tse-Tung". Hyams is sympathetic to anar-chism, and there are chapters on "libertarian socialism", "anarchists in action", and the Spanish Civil War. The last chapter is ominously titled "The Millennium has been cancelled". The book is 277 pages long, costs £ 4.00, and is published by Secker & Warburg.

Brazil

JOHN W. DULLES, an American historian, has produced a very thick tome entitled "Anarchists and Communists in Brazil, 1900-1935". It's got some nice pictures, lots of notes, and is published by the University of Texas Press at \$12.50. (About £ 6.00).

Both of the above can be obtained through Freedom Bookshop.

BERKMAN SPEAKS

. . . EVERY REVOLUTION is accompanied by a great outburst of popular enthusiasm full of hope and aspiration. It is the springboard of revolution. The high tide, spontaneous and powerful, opens up the human sources of initiative and acti-The sense of equality vity. liberates the best there is in man and makes him consciously creative. These are the great motors of the social revolution, its moving forces. Their free and unhindered expression signifies the development and deepening of the revolution. Their suppression means decay and death. The revolution is safe, it grows and becomes strong, as long as the masses feel that they are direct par-ticipants in it, that they are fashioning their own lives, that they are making the revolution, that they are the revolution. But the moment their activities are usurped by a political party or are centred in some special organisation, revolutionary effort becomes limited to a comparatively small circle from which the large masses are practically excluded. The natural result of that popular enthusiasm is dampened, interest gradually weakens, initiative languishes, creativeness wanes, and the revolution becomes the monopoly of a clique which presently turns dictator.

This is fatal to the revolution. The sole prevention of such a catastrophe lies in the continued active interest of the workers through their everyday participation in all matters pertaining to the revolution.
The source of this interest and activity is the shop and the

The interest of the masses and their loyalty to the revolution depend furthermore on their feeling that the revolution represents justice and fair play. This explains why revolutions have the power of rousing the people to acts of great heroism and devotion. . .the masses instinctively see in revolution the enemy of wrong and iniquity and the harbinger of justice. In this sense revolution is a highly ethical factor and an inspiration. Fundamentally it is only great moral principles which can fire the masses and lift them to spiritual heights.

All popular upheavals have shown this to be true; particularly so the Russian Revolu-tion. It was because of that spirit that the Russian masses so strikingly triumphed over all obstacles in the days of February and October. No op-

position could conquer their devotion inspired by a great and noble cause. But the revolution began to decline when it had become emasculated of its high moral values, when it was denuded of its elements of justice, equality, and liberty. Their loss was the doom of the Revolution.

It cannot be emphasised too strongly how essential spiritual values are to the social revolution. These and the consciousness of the masses that the revolution also means material betterment are dynamic influences in the life and



alexander Bergusing

growth of the new society. Of the two factors the spiritual values are foremost. The history of previous revolutions proves that the masses were very willing to suffer and to sacrifice material well-being for the sake of greater liber-ty and justice. Thus in Russia neither cold nor starvation could induce the peasants and workers to aid counter-revolu-All privation and misery notwithstanding, they served heroically the interests of the great cause. It was only when they saw the Revolution monopolised by a political party, the new-won liberties curtailed, a dictatorship established and injustice and inequality dominant again that they became indifferent to the Revolution, declined to participate in the sham, refused to co-operate and even turned against it.

To forget ethical values, introduce practice and methods inconsistent with or opposed to the high moral purposes of the revolution means to invite counter-revolution and disaster. ,

It is therefore clear that the success of the social rev-olution primarily depends on liberty and equality. And dev-iation from them can only be indeed, is sure harmful; prove destructive. It follows that all the activities of the revolution must be based on freedom and equal rights. This applies to small things as to great. Any acts or methods tending to limit liberty, to create inequality and injustice, can result only in a popular attitude inimical to the revolution and its best interests.

It is from this angle that all the problems of the revolutionary period must be con-Among sidered and solved. those problems the most important are consumption and housing, production and exchange.

COMMANDING DEPTHS...from P.2

that is to say one would not pay rent for it. Also as Proud-hon advocates one should own all the land which oneself (and immediate family) could cultivate

without further assistance. (Except from neighbouring communes on a mutual aid basis at harvest-time?)

Furthermore, such attempts that have been made at nationalization have been carried out on a basis of compensation to former owners, thus saddl-ing the industry and the community with a burden of debt. It cannot be denied that such properties as the mines and the railways were theft, and nationalization with compensation is grand larceny honoured by the State.

It is quite obvious that the various shilly-shallying subterfuges of worker control, worker participation, worker representation are all weak concessions for the need for full workers' control. With Without such an approach nationalization is merely an extension of State ownership and tyranny... Whether such a growth calls itself Communism, State Cap-italism, National Socialism or socialist nationalism it will only serve to usher in a managerial society.

Aneurin Bevan spoke of Labour 'capturing the commanding heights of the economy'. Such nationalization as we have seen is the depths of the economy which commands us.

Jack Robinson.

HELP fold and despatch FREEDOM on Thursdays from 2 p.m. at Freedom followed by get-together with refreshments.

Tom Taylor, now living at 30 Mel-break ave., Cockermouth, Cumbria wd. like his friend Mr. Dodds to get into touch with him.

ANARCHO FEMINIST NETWORK formed at Anarchist Conference April 19-21. We'd like to make contact with our sisters everywhere. A-F Network, c/o Come/Unity Press, E. 17th St. New York, N.Y. 10003.

ANARCHO-FEMINIST ANTHOLOGY - we are collecting material for an anthology of anarcho-feminism. Write Arlene, c/o Siren, 713 W. Armitage Ave., Chicago, Ill. 60614, U S A.

Guy, 22, would like to get together with 6-8 people to start a If you are interested commune. please write to Steve Cook, c/o 60 Settles St., London, E.1.

ARTHUR MCYSE's ironically wounding, lamentably laughing, dread-fully beautiful evil flower garden. \$2.50 (£1) post paid. IDEA Publishing House, c/o Matsuki Building, 1-464 Higashiookubo, Shinjuku-ku, TOKYO. (All monies to help future publications of the Tokyo anarchist group)

ANARCHIST WOMEN's group meets Mondays. Tel. 01-883 2457.

BLACKBURN anarchist group. Con-tact Keith Sowerby (corresp. only) 150 Shorrock Lane, Blackburn BB2 4TT

CENTRO IBERICO meets Sats/Suns 7 pm 83A Haverstock Hill NW3 (side entr. Steele's Rd) Bus 31,68. Tube Chalk Fm or Belsize Park.

EVERY SATURDAY Mental Patients Union, 2 p.m. 37 Mayola Rd. London E.5. (tel. 01-986 5251). Information on activities elsewhere from same address.

BRITISH WITHDRAWAL FROM N. IRELAND campaign still continues. Info., leaflets &c from BWNIC c/o 3 Caledonian Rd., London N.1.

UNITY THEATRE Case for a Rebel by Emmanuel Robles (Dutch Indonesia 1948). Fri., Sat. & Sun until July 6, 7.45 p.m. July 10-28 guest company The Women's Company in Go West Young Woman (tel.387 8647)

POETRY READING for East Enders at Half Moon Theatre, Alie St. E.1. (tube Aldgate East) Tuesday 23
July, 7.30 p.m. If you have poems
bring and read them (or have them read if you're too shy).

THE NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR CIVIL LIBERTIES says "If we do not get a healthier bank balance your civil liberties as well as every-one else's will be in even greater jeopardy". Donations/membership jeopardy". details: NCCL 186 Kings Cross Rd. London WC1X 9DE (tel. 278 4575)

> We welcome news, articles, letters. We go to press on Monday each week.

Threshold of What?

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

the up and up they are satisfied, but as soon as they are threatened they start to talk of cutting back investment, restricting wages, and finally of

A large section of the working class have already received threshold increases but others are either in dispute over the amount or are trying to force employers to pay where no actual agreement had been made. The high rise in the cost of living is making the £1.20 and 80p worth fighting for. Employers having already reaped the benefits of Tory wage restrictions are equally willing to make a fight of it in order to maintain profit margins.

British capitalism is suffering a 'lack of confidence'. Share prices have dropped to a record low. This is all because investors and companies do not expect a profitable year. This lack of confidence in fact af-fects the whole of the western Some, like capitalist system. Mr. Benn and Mr. Foot, see nat-ionalisation as the answer (see p. 2 this issue). But we have seen this solution imposed in We have seen the State Russia. increasingly coming to the aid the private sector but the lot of those who actually produce the goods remains the same. Whether you work for General Motors or with state-controlled

DIRECT ACTION paper of Syndicalist Workers Federation, monthly 5p + post; sub £1 SWF c/o Grass Roots, 178 Oxford Road, Manchester

WILDCAT monthly anarchist bulletin pro tem 5p + post. Send de-tails demos, groups &c to wILD-CAT. 7 Cresswell Walk, Corby, Northants.

DUBLIN ANARCHISTS Robert Cullen, Eddie Jones, Desmond Keane, Columba Longmore, Noel Murray, remanded in Detention Centre Curragh Military Camp, Co. Kildare Ireland, wd. like to hear from comrades.

STOKE NEWINGTON FIVE Splidarity Committee, 54 Harcombe Road, London N.15.

GIOVANNI MARINI DEPENCE COMMITTEE Paolo Braschi, C.P. 4263, 2100 MILANO, Italy. Letters, postcards to Giovanni Marini, Carcere di Potenza, 85100 POTENZA, Italy. Still awaiting trial after 2 years in prison.

PORTUGUESE LIBERTARIAN MOVEMENT needs books, pamphlets, free copies Keep up the dialectic, brothers! of anarchist publications, money & ideological support. Send what y you can spare to Movimiento Liber-tario Portugues, Rua Aneglina Vidal 17-2°-E, LISBOA I, Portugal

paradise" of the Soviet Union you are a wage slave. As such a class struggle is fought out between those who give orders and make the decisions and those who take them.

But while this class struggle remains centred round the issue of wages, workers will continue to chase their tails. Wage struggles might be a rehearsal for the social general strike, but they should go beyond money issues. If we are to break out from the circle of wages chasing the cost of living and the day to day exploitation, then struggles have to be concerned with control. The Plessey workers' occupation indicates that they are concerned about cont-

trol. More control can be maintained in occupation than by being outside.

But control should extend to how goods are produced, why, and what are the real needs of the community at large, because both the State planning of the Communist countries and the mixed economies of the western powers have been found wanting. They have been found wanting in not providing enough of certain essentials while production decisions have always come from the top without people taking any decisions for themselves.

While people rely on leaders, politically and at their places of work, then nothing will change and the exploitation of man by man will continue. Anarchists want a real change to a society where everybody has free access to the means of life. We want people to take control of their own lives and not be subject to the power of governments and the employers.

Workers have the power at their work places not just to gain threshold agreements, but to bring society to the thresh-old of a revolution.

VICIOUS COMMENTS COLUMN

"Bulletin" no .4 (written by dissident members of the W.R.P./ex-S.L.L.) has the following comment on comrade Healy:

"This W.R.P. leadership has been historically selected. It represents all that is backward in the working class and nauseous in the middle class. That is why G. Healy is its undisputed head."

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